

• Optional: Active current share for parallel applications

Mechanical Features

- Industry standard Half-brick pin-out configuration
- Size: 2.386" x 2.486" x 0.512" (60.60 x 63.14 x 13.00 mm)
- Total weight: 4.9 oz (139 g)
- Flanged baseplate version available

Control Features

- On/Off control referenced to input side
- Remote sense for the output voltage
- Wide output voltage trim range of -50%, +10%

Safety Features

Pending

- \bullet 2250V, 30 $M\Omega$ input-to-output isolation
- UL 60950-1:2003, basic insulation
- CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 60950-1:2003
- EN60950-1:2001 Certified by TUV
- CE Marked 2006/95/EC Low Voltage Directive
- IEC 61000-4-2
- RoHS compliant (see last page)

Protection Features

- Input under-voltage lockout
- Output current limit and short circuit protection
- Active back bias limit
- Auto-recovery output over-voltage protection
- Thermal shutdown

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Phone 1-888-567-9596

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IQ32 FAMILY ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (all output voltages)

Ta = 25 °C, airflow rate = 300 LFM, Vin = 32V dc unless otherwise noted; full operating temperature range is -40 °C to +100 °C baseplate temperature with appropriate power derating. Specifications subject to change without notice.

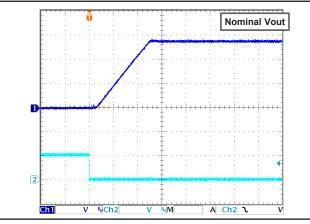
Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Notes & Conditions
ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS		,			
Input Voltage					
Non-Operating			100	V	Continuous
Operating			80	V	Continuous
Operating Transient Protection			100	V	1 s transient, square wave
Isolation Voltage					
Input to Output			2250	V dc	
Input to Base-Plate			2250	V dc	
Output to Base-Plate			2250	V dc	
Operating Temperature	-40		100	°C	Baseplate temperature
Storage Temperature	-55		125	°C	
Voltage at ON/OFF input pin	-2		18	V	
INPUT CHARACTERISTICS					
Operating Input Voltage Range	9	32	75	V	
Input Under-Voltage Lockout					
Turn-On Voltage Threshold	9.4	10.1	10.8	V	See Note 2
Turn-Off Voltage Threshold	7.6	8.3	9	V	
Lockout Voltage Hysteresis		1.8		V	
Input Over-Voltage Shutdown		-		V	Not Available
Recommended External Input Capacitance		470		μF	Typical ESR 0.1-0.2 Ω
Input Filter Component Values (L\C)		0.34\11		μΗ\μF	Internal values; see Figure C
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS		1~ 1			
Furn-On Transient					
Turn-On Time		45		ms	Full load, Vout=90% nom.; See Note 3
Output Voltage Overshoot		3		%	
Auto-recovery Startup Inhibit Time		500		ms	See Application Section
ISOLATION CHARACTERISTICS					
Isolation Voltage (dielectric strength)					See Absolute Maximum Ratings
Isolation Resistance		30		MΩ	-
Isolation Capacitance (input to output)		1000		pF	See Note 1
TEMPERATURE LIMITS FOR POWER DERATIN	IG CURVES				
Semiconductor Junction Temperature			125	°C	Package rated to 150 °C
Board Temperature			125	°C	UL rated max operating temp 130 °C
Transformer Temperature			125	°C	
Maximum Baseplate Temperature, Tb			100	°C	
FEATURE CHARACTERISTICS					
Switching Frequency	230	240	250	kHz	Isolation stage switching freq. is 1/4 this
ON/OFF Control					
Off-State Voltage	2.4		18	V	
On-State Voltage	-2		0.8		
ON/OFF Control					Application notes Figure A
Pull-Up Voltage		5		V	
Pull-Up Resistance		10		kΩ	
Over-Temperature Shutdown OTP Trip Point		125		°C	Average PCB Temperature
Over-Temperature Shutdown Restart Hysteresis		10		°C	
RELIABILITY CHARACTERISTICS			1		
Calculated MTBF (Telcordia) TR-NWT-000332		1.44		10 ⁶ Hrs.	Tb = 70°C
Calculated MTBF (MIL-217) MIL-HDBK-217F		1.2			$Tb = 70^{\circ}C$
Field Demonstrated MTBF					See our website for details
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Note 3: Add 25ms to Turn-On time for full-featured units to allow for synchronization Product # IQ32xxxHZXxx Phone 1-888-567-9596 www.synqor.com

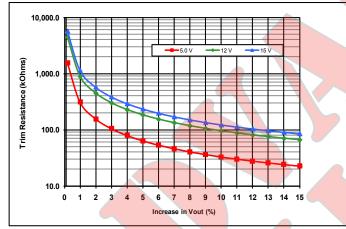
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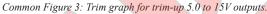
Family Figures (all output voltages)

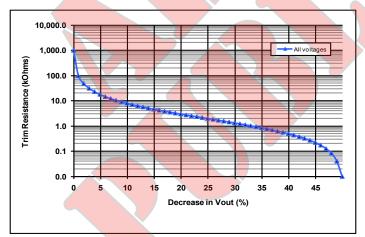
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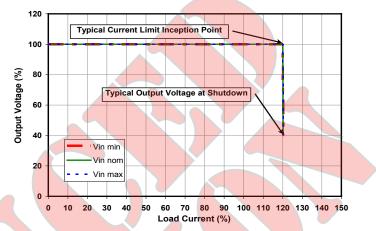
Common Figure 1: Typical startup waveform. Input voltage pre-applied, ON/ OFF Pin on Ch 2.



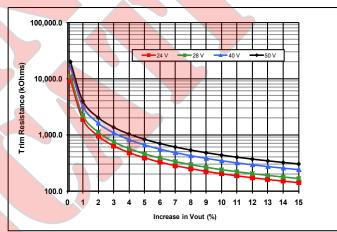




Common Figure 5: Trim graph for trim down.



Common Figure 2: Output voltage vs. load current showing typical current limit curves and converter shutdown points.



Common Figure 4: Trim graph for trim-up 24 to 50V outputs.



Input:9-75V Output:5.0V Current:50A Part No.:IQ32050HZx50

IQ32050HZx50 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (5.0 Vout)

Ta = 25 °C, airflow rate = 300 LFM, Vin = 32V dc unless otherwise noted; full operating temperature range is -40 °C to +100 °C baseplate temperature with appropriate power derating. Specifications subject to change without notice.

Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Notes & Conditions
INPUT CHARACTERISTICS	1		1	1	
Maximum Input Current			44.0	A	Vin min; trim up; in current limit
No-Load Input Current		450	560	mA	
Disabled Input Current		5	8	mA	
Response to Input Transient		1.2		V	See Figure 6
nput Terminal Ripple Current		1.5		A	RMS
Recommended Input Fuse			50	A	Fast acting external fuse recommended
DUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS					
Dutput Voltage Set Point	4.92	5	5.07	V	
Dutput Voltage Regulation					See Note 3
Over Line		±0.25		%	
Over Load		±0.25		%	
Over Temperature	-125		125	mV	
Fotal Output Voltage Range	4.850		5.150	V	Over sample, line, load, temperature & life
Dutput Voltage Ripple and Noise					20 MHz bandwidth; see Note 1
Peak-to-Peak		100	200	mV	Full load
RMS		16	30	mV	Full load
Operating Output Current Range	0		50	A	Subject to thermal derating
Dutput DC Current-Limit Inception	57.0	63.0	67.0	A	Output voltage 10% Low
Dutput DC Current-Limit Shutdown Voltage		2		V	See Note 2
Back-Drive Current Limit while Enabled		20		А	Negative current drawn from output
Back-Drive Current Limit while Disabled		3	4	mA	Negative current drawn from output
Maximum Output Capacitance			10000	μF	Vout nominal at full load (resistive load)
Dutput Voltage during Load Current Transient					
Step Change in Output Current (0.1 - 5 A/µs)		200		mV	50% to 75% to 50% Iout max
Settling Time		4		ms	To within 1% Vout nom
Dutput Voltage Trim Range	-50		10	%	Across Pins 8&4; Common Figures 3-5;
Dutput Voltage Remote Sense Range			10	%	Across Pins 8&4
Dutput Over-Voltage Protection	6.0	6.3	6.5	V	Over full temp range
EFFICIENCY					
LOO% Load		89		%	See Figure 1 for efficiency curve
50% Load		87		%	See Figure 1 for efficiency curve

50% Load 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 88 50% Load 87 87 88 50% Load 88 50% Load

Note 2: If the output voltage falls below the Output DC Current Limit Shutdown Voltage for more than 50ms, then the unit will enter into hiccup mode, Note 3: Line and load regulation is limited by duty cycle quantization and does not indicate a shift in the internal voltage reference



Input:9-75V **Output:12V Current:21A** Part No.: IQ32120HZx21

IQ32120HZx21 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (12.0 Vout)

Ta = 25 °C, airflow rate = 300 LFM, Vin = 32V dc unless otherwise noted; full operating temperature range is -40 °C to +100 °C baseplate temperature with appropriate power derating. Specifications subject to change without notice.

Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Notes & Conditions
INPUT CHARACTERISTICS			1		
Maximum Input Current			43.0	А	Vin min; trim up; in current limit
No-Load Input Current		420		mA	
Disabled Input Current		5	8	mA	
Response to Input Transient		2.8		v	See Figure 6
Input Terminal Ripple Current		1.8		Α	RMS
Recommended Input Fuse			50	A	Fast acting external fuse recommended
OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS					
Output Voltage Set Point	11.8	12	12.17	V	
Output Voltage Regulation					See Note 3
Over Line		±0.25		%	
Over Load		±0.25		%	
Over Temperature	-300		300	mV	
Total Output Voltage Range	11.640		12.360	V	Over sample, line, load, temperature & life
Output Voltage Ripple and Noise					20 MHz bandwidth; see Note 1
Peak-to-Peak		100	200	mV	Full load
RMS		10	20	mV	Full load
Operating Output Current Range	0		21	A	Subject to thermal derating
Output DC Current-Limit Inception	23.1	25.2	27.3	A	Output voltage 10% Low
Output DC Current-Limit Shutdown Voltage		4.8		V	See Note 2
Back-Drive Current Limit while Enabled		6		A	Negative current drawn from output
Back-Drive Current Limit while Disabled		3	4	mA	Negative current drawn from output
Maximum Output Capacitance			6000	μF	Vout nominal at full load (resistive load)
Output Voltage during Load Current Transient					
Step Change in Output Current (0.1 - 5 A/µs)		500		mV	50% to 75% to 50% Iout max
Settling Time		1.5		ms	To within 1% Vout nom
Output Voltage Trim Range	-50		10	%	Across Pins 8&4; Common Figures 3-5;
Output Voltage Remote Sense Range			10	%	Across Pins 8&4
Output Over-Voltage Protection	14.4	15.0	15.6	V	Over full temp range
EFFICIENCY					
100% Load		90		%	See Figure 1 for efficiency curve
FOO(Land		00		0/	Care Figure 1 for affinite survey

50% Load

See Figure 1 for efficiency curve Note 1: Output is terminated with 1 µF ceramic and 15 µF low-ESR tantalum capacitors. For applications requiring reduced output voltage ripple and noise, consult SynQor applications support (e-mail: support@synqor.com)

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Note 2: If the output voltage falls below the Output DC Current Limit Shutdown Voltage for more than 50ms, then the unit will enter into hiccup mode, Note 3: Line and load regulation is limited by duty cycle quantization and does not indicate a shift in the internal voltage reference



Input:9-75V **Output:15V Current:17A** Part No.: IQ32150HZx17

IQ32150HZx17 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (15.0 Vout)

Ta = 25 °C, airflow rate = 300 LFM, Vin = 32V dc unless otherwise noted; full operating temperature range is -40 °C to +100 °C baseplate temperature with appropriate power derating. Specifications subject to change without notice.

Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Notes & Conditions
INPUT CHARACTERISTICS	·				
Maximum Input Current			41.0	А	Vin min; trim up; in current limit
No-Load Input Current		450	560	mA	
Disabled Input Current		5	8	mA	
Response to Input Transient		3.1		v	See Figure 6
Input Terminal Ripple Current		1.7		Α	RMS
Recommended Input Fuse			50	A	Fast acting external fuse recommended
DUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS					
Output Voltage Set Point	14.75	15	15.21	V	
Output Voltage Regulation					See Note 3
Over Line		±0.25		%	
Over Load		±0.25		%	
Over Temperature	-375		375	mV	
Fotal Output Voltage Range	14.550		15.450	V	Over sample, line, load, temperature & life
Output Voltage Ripple and Noise					20 MHz bandwidth; see Note 1
Peak-to-Peak		80	160	mV	Full load
RMS		19	40	mV	Full load
Operating Output Current Range	0		17	A	Subject to thermal derating
Dutput DC Current-Limit Inception	18.7	20.4	22.1	A	Output voltage 10% Low
Dutput DC Current-Limit Shutdown Voltage		6		V	See Note 2
Back-Drive Current Limit while Enabled		6		А	Negative current drawn from output
Back-Drive Current Limit while Disabled		3	4	mA	Negative current drawn from output
Maximum Output Capacitance			5000	μF	Vout nominal at full load (resistive load)
Dutput Voltage during Load Current Transient					
Step Change in Output Current (0.1 - 5 A/µs)		500		mV	50% to 75% to 50% Iout max
Settling Time		2		ms	To within 1% Vout nom
Dutput Voltage Trim Range	-50		10	%	Across Pins 8&4; Common Figures 3-5;
Dutput Voltage Remote Sense Range			10	%	Across Pins 8&4
Dutput Over-Voltage Protection	17.7	18.5	19.2	V	Over full temp range
EFFICIENCY					
100% Load		92		%	See Figure 1 for efficiency curve

50% Load

Note 1: Output is terminated with 1 µF ceramic and 15 µF low-ESR tantalum capacitors. For applications requiring reduced output voltage ripple and noise, consult SynQor applications support (e-mail: support@synqor.com) Note 2: If the output voltage falls below the Output DC Current Limit Shutdown Voltage for more than 50ms, then the unit will enter into hiccup mode,

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with a 500ms off-time

Note 3: Line and load regulation is limited by duty cycle quantization and does not indicate a shift in the internal voltage reference

See Figure 1 for efficiency curve



Input:9-75V **Output:24V Current:10A** Part No.: IQ32240HZx10

IQ32240HZx10 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (24.0 Vout)

Ta = 25 °C, airflow rate = 300 LFM, Vin = 32V dc unless otherwise noted; full operating temperature range is -40 °C to +100 °C baseplate temperature with appropriate power derating. Specifications subject to change without notice.

Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Notes & Conditions
INPUT CHARACTERISTICS			1	1	
Maximum Input Current			43.0	A	Vin min; trim up; in current limit
No-Load Input Current		TBD		mA	
Disabled Input Current		5	8	mA	
Response to Input Transient		TBD		v	See Figure 6
Input Terminal Ripple Current		TBD		Α	RMS
Recommended Input Fuse			50	A	Fast acting external fuse recommended
OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS					
Output Voltage Set Point	23.60	24	24.34	V	
Output Voltage Regulation					See Note 3
Over Line		±0.25		%	
Over Load		±0.25		%	
Over Temperature	-600		600	mV	
Fotal Output Voltage Range	23.280		24.720	V	Over sample, line, load, temperature & life
Output Voltage Ripple and Noise					20 MHz bandwidth; see Note 1
Peak-to-Peak		TBD		mV	Full load
RMS		TBD		mV	Full load
Operating Output Current Range	0		10	A	Subject to thermal derating
Output DC Current-Limit Inception	11.0	12.0	13.0	A	Output voltage 10% Low
Output DC Current-Limit Shutdown Voltage		9.6		V	See Note 2
Back-Drive Current Limit while Enabled		5		A	Negative current drawn from output
Back-Drive Current Limit while Disabled		3	4	mA	Negative current drawn from output
Maximum Output Capacitance			TBD	μF	Vout nominal at full load (resistive load)
Output Voltage during Load Current Transient					
Step Change in Output Current (0.1 - 5 A/µs)		TBD		mV	50% to 75% to 50% Iout max
Settling Time		TBD		ms	To within 1% Vout nom
Dutput Voltage Trim Range	-50		10	%	Across Pins 8&4; Common Figures 3-5;
Output Voltage Remote Sense Range	5		10	%	Across Pins 8&4
Output Over-Voltage Protection	28.3	29.5	30.7	V	Over full temp range
EFFICIENCY			<u> </u>		
100% Load		TBD		%	See Figure 1 for efficiency curve

50% Load

TBD % See Figure 1 for efficiency curve Note 1: Output is terminated with 1 µF ceramic and 15 µF low-ESR tantalum capacitors. For applications requiring reduced output voltage ripple and

noise, consult SynQor applications support (e-mail: support@synqor.com) Note 2: If the output voltage falls below the Output DC Current Limit Shutdown Voltage for more than 50ms, then the unit will enter into hiccup mode, with a 500ms off-time

Note 3: Line and load regulation is limited by duty cycle quantization and does not indicate a shift in the internal voltage reference



Input:9-75V **Output:28V Current:9.0A** Part No.: IQ32280HZx09

IQ32280HZx09 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (28.0 Vout)

Ta = 25 °C, airflow rate = 300 LFM, Vin = 32V dc unless otherwise noted; full operating temperature range is -40 °C to +100 °C baseplate temperature with appropriate power derating. Specifications subject to change without notice.

Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Notes & Conditions
INPUT CHARACTERISTICS	·				
Maximum Input Current			40.2	А	Vin min; trim up; in current limit
No-Load Input Current		425	530	mA	
Disabled Input Current		5	8	mA	
Response to Input Transient		5		v	See Figure 6
Input Terminal Ripple Current		1.6		Α	RMS
Recommended Input Fuse			50	A	Fast acting external fuse recommended
OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS					
Output Voltage Set Point	27.54	28	28.39	V	
Output Voltage Regulation					See Note 3
Over Line		±0.25		%	
Over Load		±0.25		%	
Over Temperature	-700		700	mV	
Total Output Voltage Range	27.300		28.700	V	Over sample, line, load, temperature & life
Output Voltage Ripple and Noise					20 MHz bandwidth; see Note 1
Peak-to-Peak		150	300	mV	Full load
RMS		30	60	mV	Full load
Operating Output Current Range	0		9	A	Subject to thermal derating
Output DC Current-Limit Inception	9.9	10.8	11.7	A	Output voltage 10% Low
Output DC Current-Limit Shutdown Voltage		11.2		V	See Note 2
Back-Drive Current Limit while Enabled		4		А	Negative current drawn from output
Back-Drive Current Limit while Disabled		3	4	mA	Negative current drawn from output
Maximum Output Capacitance			1000	μF	Vout nominal at full load (resistive load)
Output Voltage during Load Current Transient					
Step Change in Output Current (0.1 - 5 A/µs)		750		mV	50% to 75% to 50% Iout max
Settling Time		2.5		ms	To within 1% Vout nom
Output Voltage Trim Range	-50		10	%	Across Pins 8&4; Common Figures 3-5;
Output Voltage Remote Sense Range			10	%	Across Pins 8&4
Output Over-Voltage Protection	33.0	34.4	35.8	V	Over full temp range
EFFICIENCY					
100% Load		92		%	See Figure 1 for efficiency curve

50% Load

Note 1: Output is terminated with 1 µF ceramic and 15 µF low-ESR tantalum capacitors. For applications requiring reduced output voltage ripple and noise, consult SynQor applications support (e-mail: support@synqor.com) Note 2: If the output voltage falls below the Output DC Current Limit Shutdown Voltage for more than 50ms, then the unit will enter into hiccup mode,

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with a 500ms off-time

Note 3: Line and load regulation is limited by duty cycle quantization and does not indicate a shift in the internal voltage reference

See Figure 1 for efficiency curve



Input:9-75V **Output:40V Current:6.0A** Part No.: IQ32400HZx06

IQ32400HZx06 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (40.0 Vout)

Ta = 25 °C, airflow rate = 300 LFM, Vin = 32V dc unless otherwise noted; full operating temperature range is -40 °C to +100 °C baseplate temperature with appropriate power derating. Specifications subject to change without notice.

Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Notes & Conditions
INPUT CHARACTERISTICS					
Maximum Input Current			43.0	А	Vin min; trim up; in current limit
No-Load Input Current		TBD		mA	
Disabled Input Current		5	8	mA	
Response to Input Transient		TBD		v	See Figure 6
Input Terminal Ripple Current		TBD		A	RMS
Recommended Input Fuse			50	A	Fast acting external fuse recommended
OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS					
Output Voltage Set Point	39.34	40	40.56	V	
Output Voltage Regulation					See Note 3
Over Line		±0.25		%	
Over Load		±0.25		%	
Over Temperature	-1000		1000	mV	
Total Output Voltage Range	38.800		41.200	V	Over sample, line, load, temperature & life
Output Voltage Ripple and Noise					20 MHz bandwidth; see Note 1
Peak-to-Peak		TBD		mV	Full load
RMS		TBD		mV	Full load
Operating Output Current Range	0		6	А	Subject to thermal derating
Output DC Current-Limit Inception	6.6	7.2	7.8	A	Output voltage 10% Low
Output DC Current-Limit Shutdown Voltage		16		V	See Note 2
Back-Drive Current Limit while Enabled		TBD		А	Negative current drawn from output
Back-Drive Current Limit while Disabled		TBD		mA	Negative current drawn from output
Maximum Output Capacitance			TBD	μF	Vout nominal at full load (resistive load)
Output Voltage during Load Current Transient					
Step Change in Output Current (0.1 - 5 A/µs)		TBD		mV	50% to 75% to 50% Iout max
Settling Time		TBD		ms	To within 1% Vout nom
Output Voltage Trim Range	-50		10	%	Across Pins 8&4; Common Figures 3-5;
Output Voltage Remote Sense Range			10	%	Across Pins 8&4
Output Over-Voltage Protection	47.2	49.2	51.2	V	Over full temp range
EFFICIENCY					
100% Load		TBD		%	See Figure 1 for efficiency curve
			1	1	1

50% Load

Note 1: Output is terminated with 1 µF ceramic and 15 µF low-ESR tantalum capacitors. For applications requiring reduced output voltage ripple and noise, consult SynQor applications support (e-mail: support@synqor.com) Note 2: If the output voltage falls below the Output DC Current Limit Shutdown Voltage for more than 50ms, then the unit will enter into hiccup mode,

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TBD

with a 500ms off-time

Note 3: Line and load regulation is limited by duty cycle quantization and does not indicate a shift in the internal voltage reference

See Figure 1 for efficiency curve



Input:9-75V **Output:50V Current:5.0A** Part No.: IQ32500HZx05

IQ32500HZx05 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (50.0 Vout)

Ta = 25 °C, airflow rate = 300 LFM, Vin = 32V dc unless otherwise noted; full operating temperature range is -40 °C to +100 °C baseplate temperature with appropriate power derating. Specifications subject to change without notice.

Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Notes & Conditions
INPUT CHARACTERISTICS				1	
Maximum Input Current			40.3	А	Vin min; trim up; in current limit
No-Load Input Current		400	500	mA	
Disabled Input Current		5	8	mA	
Response to Input Transient		7.4		v	See Figure 6
Input Terminal Ripple Current		1.6		Α	RMS
Recommended Input Fuse			50	A	Fast acting external fuse recommended
OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS		·			
Output Voltage Set Point	49.18	50	50.70	V	
Output Voltage Regulation					See Note 3
Over Line		±0.25		%	
Over Load		±0.25		%	
Over Temperature	-1250		1250	mV	
Total Output Voltage Range	48.500		51.500	V	Over sample, line, load, temperature & life
Output Voltage Ripple and Noise					20 MHz bandwidth; see Note 1
Peak-to-Peak		200	400	mV	Full load
RMS		40	80	mV	Full load
Operating Output Current Range	0		5	A	Subject to thermal derating
Output DC Current-Limit Inception	5.5	6.0	6.5	A	Output voltage 10% Low
Output DC Current-Limit Shutdown Voltage		20		V	See Note 2
Back-Drive Current Limit while Enabled		2		A	Negative current drawn from output
Back-Drive Current Limit while Disabled		3	4	mA	Negative current drawn from output
Maximum Output Capacitance			330	μF	Vout nominal at full load (resistive load)
Output Voltage during Load Current Transient					
Step Change in Output Current (0.1 - 5 A/µs)		1200		mV	50% to 75% to 50% Iout max
Settling Time		3		ms	To within 1% Vout nom
Dutput Voltage Trim Range	-50		10	%	Across Pins 8&4; Common Figures 3-5;
Output Voltage Remote Sense Range	5		10	%	Across Pins 8&4
Output Over-Voltage Protection	60.5	62.5	64.5	V	Over full temp range
EFFICIENCY					
100% Load		91		%	See Figure 1 for efficiency curve
50% Load		90		%	See Figure 1 for efficiency curve

Note 1: Output is terminated with 1 µF ceramic capacitor. For applications requiring reduced output voltage ripple and noise, consult SynQor applications support (e-mail: support@synqor.com)

Note 2: If the output voltage falls below the Output DC Current Limit Shutdown Voltage for more than 50ms, then the unit will enter into hiccup mode, with a 500ms off-time

Note 3: Line and load regulation is limited by duty cycle quantization and does not indicate a shift in the internal voltage reference

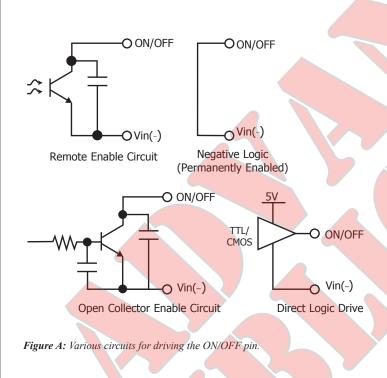
Application Section

BASIC OPERATION AND FEATURES

The converter series uses a two-stage power conversion topology. The first stage keeps the output voltage constant over variations in line, load, and temperature. The second stage uses a transformer to provide the functions of input/output isolation and voltage stepdown to achieve the low output voltage required.

Both the first stage and the second stage switch at a fixed frequency for predictable EMI performance. Rectification of the transformer's output is accomplished with synchronous rectifiers. These devices, which are MOSFETs with a very low on-state resistance, dissipate significantly less energy than Schottky diodes, enabling the converter to achieve high efficiency.

The series of half-brick, quarter-brick and eighth-brick converters uses the industry standard footprint and pin-out configuration.



CONTROL FEATURES

REMOTE ON/OFF (Pin 2): The ON/OFF input, Pin 2, permits the user to control when the converter is on or off. This input is referenced to the return terminal of the input bus, Vin(-).

The ON/OFF signal is active low (meaning that a low voltage turns the converter on). Figure A details four possible circuits for driving the ON/OFF pin.

REMOTE SENSE(+) (Pins 8 and 6): The SENSE(+) inputs correct for voltage drops along the conductors that connect the converter's output pins to the load.

Pin 8 should be connected to Vout(+) and Pin 6 should be connected to Vout(-) at the point on the board where regulation is desired. If these connections are not made, the converter will deliver an output voltage that is slightly higher than its specified value.

Note: The output over-voltage protection circuit senses the voltage across the sense leads (pins 8 and 6) to determine when it should trigger, not the voltage across the converter's output pins (pins 9 and 5).

OUTPUT VOLTAGE TRIM (Pin 7): The TRIM input permits the user to adjust the output voltage across the sense leads up or down according to the trim range specifications. SynQor uses industry standard trim equations.

To decrease the output voltage, the user should connect a resistor between Pin 7 (TRIM) and Pin 6 (SENSE(–) input). For a desired decrease of the nominal output voltage, the value of the resistor should be:

Rtrim-down =
$$\left(\frac{100\%}{\Delta}\right)$$
 - 2k Ω

$$\Delta\% = \left| \begin{array}{c} \frac{\text{Vnominal} - \text{Vdesired}}{\text{Vnominal}} \right| \times 100\%$$

where



To increase the output voltage, the user should connect a resistor between Pin 7 (TRIM) and Pin 8 (SENSE(+) input). For a desired increase of the nominal output voltage, the value of the resistor should be

Rtrim-up =
$$\left(\frac{Vnominal}{1.225} - 2\right) \times VDES + VNOM}{VDES - VNOM} K\Omega$$

Trim graphs show the relationship between the trim resistor value and Rtrim-up and Rtrim-down, showing the total range the output voltage can be trimmed up or down.

Note: The TRIM feature does not affect the voltage at which the output over-voltage protection circuit is triggered. Trimming the output voltage too high may cause the over-voltage protection circuit to engage, particularly during transients.

It is not necessary for the user to add capacitance at the Trim pin. The node is internally filtered to eliminate noise.

Total DC Variation of Vout: For the converter to meet its full specifications, the maximum variation of the DC value of Vout, due to both trimming and remote load voltage drops, should not be greater than that specified for the output voltage trim range.

Protection Features

Input Under-Voltage Lockout: The converter is designed to turn off when the input voltage is too low, helping to avoid an input system instability problem, which is described in more detail in the application note titled Input System Instability on the SynQor website. The lockout circuitry is a comparator with DC hysteresis. When the input voltage is rising, it must exceed the typical Turn-On Voltage Threshold value* before the converter will turn on. Once the converter is on, the input voltage must fall below the typical Turn-Off Voltage Threshold value before the converter will turn off.

Output Current Limit: If the output current exceeds the "Output DC Current Limit Inception" point*, then a fast linear current limit controller will reduce the output voltage to maintain a constant output current. If as a result, the output voltage falls below the "Output DC Current Limit Shutdown Voltage"* for more than 50 ms, then the unit will enter into hiccup mode, with a 500 ms off-time. The unit will then automatically attempt to restart.

Back-Drive Current Limit: If there is negative output current of a magnitude larger than the "Back-Drive Current Limit while Enabled" specification*, then a fast back-drive limit controller will increase the output voltage to maintain a constant output current. If this results in the output voltage exceeding the "Output Over-Voltage Protection" threshold*, then the unit will shut down. The full I-V output characteristics can be seen in Figure 15.

Output Over-Voltage Limit: If the voltage across the output pins exceeds the Output Over-Voltage Protection threshold, the converter will immediately stop switching. This prevents damage to the load circuit due to 1) excessive series resistance in output current path from converter output pins to sense point, 2) a release of a short-circuit condition, or 3) a release of a current limit condition. Load capacitance determines exactly how high the output voltage will rise in response to these conditions. After 500ms the converter will automatically restart for all but S Feature Set option, which is latching and will not restart until input power is cycled or the ON/OFF input is toggled.

Over-Temperature Shutdown: A temperature sensor on the converter senses the average temperature of the module. The thermal shutdown circuit is designed to turn the converter off when the temperature at the sensed location reaches the "Over-Temperature Shutdown" value*. It will allow the converter to turn on again when the temperature of the sensed location falls by the amount of the "Over-Temperature Shutdown Restart Hysteresis" value*.

* See Electrical Characteristics page.



APPLICATION CONSIDERATIONS

Input System Instability: This condition can occur because any DC-DC converter appears incrementally as a negative resistance load. A detailed application note titled "Input System Instability" is available on the SynQor website which provides an understanding of why this instability arises, and shows the preferred solution for correcting it.

Application Circuits: Figure B below provides a typical circuit diagram which details the input filtering and voltage trimming.

Input Filtering and External Input Capacitance: Figure C below shows the internal input filter components. This filter dramatically reduces input terminal ripple current, which otherwise could exceed the rating of an external electrolytic input capacitor. The recommended external input capacitance is specified in the Input Characteristics section on the Electrical Specifications page. More detailed information is available in the application note titled EMI Characteristics on the SynQor website.

Output Filtering and External Output Capacitance: Figure C below shows the internal output filter components. This filter dramatically reduces output voltage ripple. However, some minimum external output capacitance is required, as specified in the Output Characteristics section on the Electrical Specifications page. No damage will occur without this capacitor connected, but peak output voltage ripple will be much higher.

Thermal Considerations: The maximum operating base-plate temperature, TB, is 100 °C. As long as the user's thermal system keeps TB < 100 °C, the converter can deliver its full rated power.

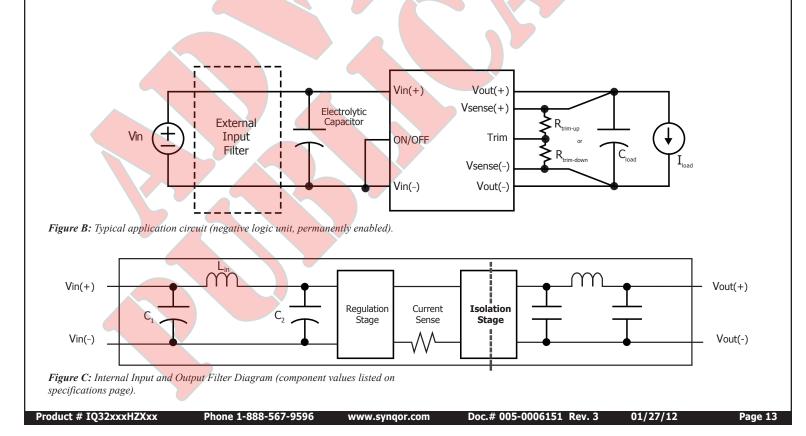
A power derating curve can be calculated for any heatsink that is attached to the base-plate of the converter. It is only necessary to determine the thermal resistance, RTHBA, of the chosen heatsink between the base-plate and the ambient air for a given airflow rate. This information is usually available from the heatsink vendor. The following formula can the be used to determine the maximum power the converter can dissipate for a given thermal condition if its base-plate is to be no higher than 100 °C.

To increase the output voltage, the user should connect a resistor between Pin 7 (TRIM) and Pin 8 (SENSE(+) input). For a desired increase of the nominal output voltage, the value of the resistor should be

 $P_{\text{diss}}^{\text{max}} = \frac{100 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C} - \text{TA}}{\text{RTHBA}}$

This value of power dissipation can then be used in conjunction with the data shown in Figure 2 to determine the maximum load current (and power) that the converter can deliver in the given thermal condition.

For convenience, Figures 3 and 4 provide Power derating curves for an encased converter without a heatsink and with a typical heatsink.





Full-Featured Application Notes

With the full-featured option, specified by an "F" in the last character in the part number, current sharing operation is supported, adding two additional pins: SHARE(+) and SHARE(-)

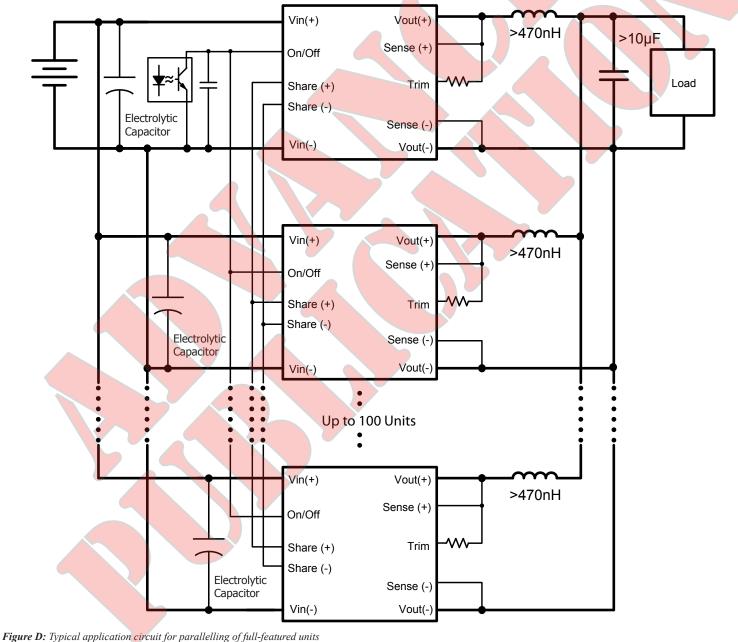
Connection of Paralleled Units: Up to 100 units can be placed in parallel. In this current share architecture, one unit is dynamically chosen to act as a master, controlling all other units. It cannot be predicted which unit will become the master at any given time, so units should be wired symmetrically (see fig D).

 Input power pins and output power pins should be tied together between units, preferably with wide overlapping copper planes.

• The SHARE(+) and SHARE(-) pins should be routed between all paralleled units as a differential pair.

• The ON/OFF pins should be connected in parallel, and rise/fall times should be kept below 2ms.

• The SENSE(+) and SENSE(-) pins should be connected either locally at each unit or separately to a common sense point. • If the TRIM pin is used, then each unit should have its own trim resistor connected locally between TRIM and SENSE(+) or SENSE(-).





Automatic Configuration: The micro-controller inside each power converter unit is programmed at the factory with a unique chip number. In every other respect, each shared unit is identical and has the same orderable part number.

On initial startup (or after the master is disabled or shuts down), each unit determines the chip number of every other unit currently connected to the shared serial bus formed by the SHARE(+) and SHARE(-) pins. The unit with the highest chip number dynamically reconfigures itself from slave to master. The rest of the units (that do not have the highest chip number) become slaves.

The master unit then broadcasts its control state over the shared serial bus on a cycle-by-cycle basis. The slave units interpret and implement the control commands sent by the master, mirroring every action of the master unit.

If the master is disabled or encounters a fault condition, all units will immediately shut down, and if the master unit is unable to restart, then the unit with the next highest chip number will become master. If a slave unit is disabled or encounters a fault condition, all other units continue to run, and the slave unit can restart seamlessly.

Automatic Interleaving: The slave units automatically lock frequency with the master, and interleave the phase of their switching transitions for improved EMI performance. To obtain the phase angle relative to the master, each slave divides 360 degrees by the total number of connected units, and multiples the result by its rank among chip numbers of connected units.

ORing Diodes placed in series with the converter outputs must also have a resistor smaller than 500 OHMS placed in parallel. This resistor keeps the output voltage of a temporarily disabled slave unit consistent with the active master unit. If the output voltage of the slave unit were allowed to totally discharge, and the slave unit tried to restart, it would fail because the slave reproduces the duty cycle of the master unit, which is running in steady state and cannot repeat an output voltage soft-start.

Common Mode Filtering must be either a single primary side choke handling the inputs from all the paralleled units, or multiple chokes placed on the secondary side. This ensures that a solid Vin(-) plane is maintained between units.

Resonance between Output Capacitors is Possible: When multiple units are paralleled, it is possible to excite a series resonance between the output capacitors on two units and the air core inductors formed by the output pins. This is especially likely at higher output voltages where the on-board capacitance is relatively small. The problem is independent of external output capacitance. To ensure that this resonant frequency is below the switching frequency, for output voltages above 18V, it is recommended to add at least 470nH of inductance in series with each converter output. This could comprise the leakage inductance of a secondary side common mode choke. **RS-485 Physical Layer:** The internal RS-485 transceiver includes many advanced protection features for enhanced reliability:

- Current Limiting and Thermal Shutdown for Driver Overload Protection
- IEC61000 ESD Protection to +/- 16.5kV
- Hot Plug Circuitry SHARE(+) and SHARE(-)

Outputs Remain Tri-State During Power-up/Power-down

Internal Schottky Diode Termination: Despite signaling at high speed with fast edges, external termination resistors are not necessary. Each receiver has four Schottky diodes built in, two for each line in the differential pair. These diodes clamp any ringing caused by transmission line reflections, preventing the voltage from going above about 5.5 V or below about -0.5 V. Any subsequent ringing then inherently takes place between 4.5 and 5.5 V or between -0.5 and 0.5 V. Since each receiver on the bus contains a set of clamping diodes to clamp any possible transmission line reflection, the bus does not necessarily need to be routed as a daisy-chain.

Pins SHARE(+) and SHARE(-) are referenced to Vin(-), and therefore should be routed as a differential pair near the Vin(-) plane for optimal signal integrity. The maximum difference in voltage between Vin(-) pins of all units on the share-bus should be kept within 0.3V to prevent steady-state conduction of the termination diodes. Therefore, the Vin(-) connections to each unit must be common, preferably connected by a single copper plane.

Share Accuracy: Inside each converter micro-controller, the duty cycle is generated digitally, making for excellent duty cycle matching between connected units. Some small duty cycle mismatch is caused by (well controlled) process variations in the MOSFET gate drivers. However, the voltage difference induced by this duty cycle mismatch appears across the impedance of the entire power converter, from input to output, multiplied by two, since the differential current flows out of one converter and into another. So, a small duty cycle mismatch yields very small differential currents, which remain small even when 100 units are placed in parallel.

In other current-sharing schemes, it is common to have a currentsharing control loop in each unit. However, due to the limited bandwidth of this loop, units do not necessarily share current on startup or during transients before this loop has a chance to respond. In contrast, the current-sharing scheme used in this product has no control dynamics: control signals are transmitted fast enough that the slave units can mirror the control state of the master unit on a cycle-by-cycle basis, and the current simply shares properly, from the first switching cycle to the last.



Standards & Qualification Testing

Parameter	Notes & Conditions	
STANDARDS COMPLIANCE	Pending	
UL 60950-1 2nd Ed. 2007	Basic Insulation	
CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 60950-1:2003		
EN60950-1:2001	Certified by TUV	
CE Marked	2006/95/EC Low Voltage Directive	
IEC 61000-4-2	ESD test, 8 kV - NP, 15 kV air - NP (Normal Performance)	

Note: An external input fuse must always be used to meet these safety requirements. Contact SynQor for official safety certificates on new releases or download from the SynQor website.

Parameter	# Units	Test Conditions
QUALIFICATION TESTING		
Life Test	32	95% rated Vin and load, units at derating point, 1000 hours
Vibration	5	10-55 Hz sweep, 0.060" total excursion, 1 min./sweep, 120 sweeps for 3 axis
Mechanical Shock	5	100g minimum, 2 drops in x, y, and z axis
Temperature Cycling	10	-40 °C to 100 °C, unit temp. ramp 15 °C/min., 500 cycles
Power/Thermal Cycling	5	Toperating = min to max, Vin = min to max, full load, 100 cycles
Design Marginality	5	Tmin-10 °C to Tmax+10 °C, 5 °C steps, Vin = min to max, 0-105% load
Humidity	5	85 °C, 85% RH, 1000 hours, continuous Vin applied except 5 min/day
Solderability	15 pins	MIL-STD-883, method 2003
Altitude	2	70,000 feet (21 km), see Note

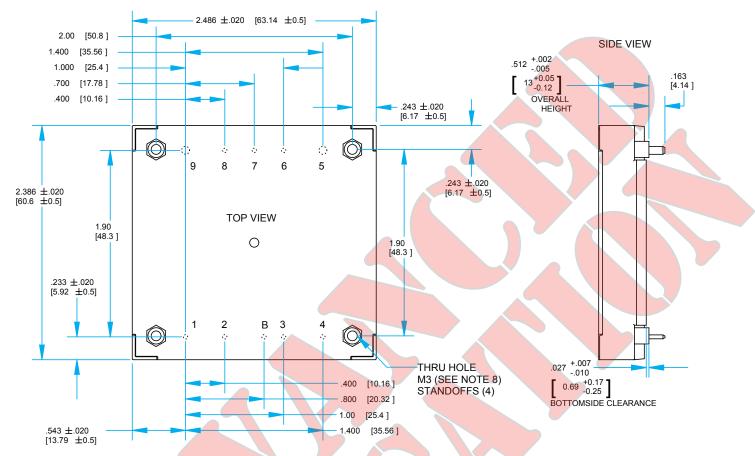
Note: A conductive cooling design is generally needed for high altitude applications because of naturally poor convective cooling at rare atmospheres.



Standard Mechanical Diagram

SynCor

Technical Specification **IQ32xxxHZXxx**

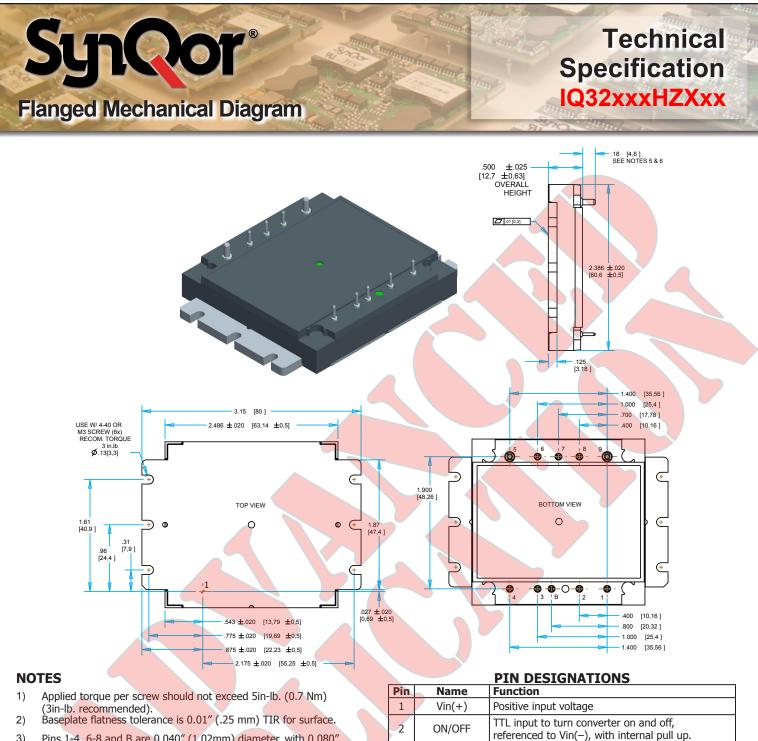


NOTES

- Applied torque per screw should not exceed 6in-lb. (0.7 Nm). 1)
- Baseplate flatness tolerance is 0.004" (.10 mm) TIR for surface. 2)
- Pins 1-4, 6-8, and B are 0.040" (1.02mm) diameter, with 0.080" 3) (2.03mm) diameter standoff shoulders.
- Pins 5 and 9 are 0.080" (2.03 mm) diameter with 0.125" 4) (3.18 mm) diameter standoff shoulders.
- 5) All Pins: Material - Copper Alloy; Finish - Matte Tin over Nickel plate
- 6) Undimensioned components are shown for visual reference only.
- 7) Weight: 4.9 oz (139 g)
- Threaded and Non-Threaded options available 8)
- 9) All dimensions in inches (mm). Tolerances: x.xx +/-0.02 in. (x.x +/-0.5mm) x.xxx +/-0.010 in. (x.xx +/-0.25mm) unless otherwise noted.
- 11) Workmanship: Meets or exceeds IPC-A-610C Class II

		PIN DESIGNATIONS
Pin	Name	Function
1	Vin(+)	Positive input voltage
2	ON/OFF	TTL input to turn converter on and off, referenced to Vin(–), with internal pull up.
В	SHARE(+)	Active current share differential pair
3	SHARE(-)	(See note 4)
4	Vin(-)	Negative input voltage
5	Vout(–)	Negative output voltage
6	SENSE(-)	Negative remote sense (See note 1)
7	TRIM	Output voltage trim (See note 2)
8	SENSE(+)	Positive remote sense (See note 3)
9	Vout(+)	Positive output voltage
Notes:		

- SENSE(-) should be connected to Vout(-) either remotely or at the converter. 1)
- Leave TRIM pin open for nominal output voltage. 2)
- SENSE(+) should be connected to Vout(+) either remotely or at the 3) converter.
- 4) Full-Featured option only. Pin 3 and Pin B not populated on standard model.



- Pins 1-4, 6-8 and B are 0.040" (1.02mm) diameter, with 0.080" (2.03mm) diameter standoff shoulders.
- 4) Pins 5 and 9 are 0.080" (2.03 mm) diameter with 0.125" (3.18 mm) diameter standoff shoulders.
- 5) All Pins: Material Copper Alloy; Finish Matte Tin over Nickel plate
- 6) Undimensioned components are shown for visual reference only.
- 7) Weight: 4.8oz (137g)
- All dimensions in inches (mm). Tolerances:
 x.xx +/-0.02 in. (x.x +/-0.5mm)
 x.xxx +/-0.010 in. (x.xx +/-0.25mm)
 unless otherwise noted.
- 10) Workmanship: Meets or exceeds IPC-A-610C Class II

9 Notes:

В

3

4

5

6

7

8

SHARE(+)

SHARE(-)

Vin(-)

Vout(-)

SENSE(-)

TRIM

SENSE(+)

Vout(+)

1) SENSE(-) should be connected to Vout(-) either remotely or at the converter.

Active current share differential pair

Negative remote sense (See note 1)

Positive remote sense (See note 3)

Output voltage trim (See note 2)

2) Leave TRIM pin open for nominal output voltage.

(See note 4)

Negative input voltage

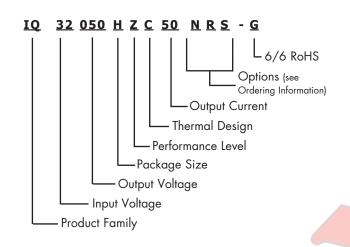
Negative output voltage

Positive output voltage

- 3) SENSE(+) should be connected to Vout(+) either remotely or at the converter.
- 4) Full-Featured option only. Pin 3 and Pin B not populated on standard model.

PART NUMBERING SYSTEM

The part numbering system for SynQor's dc-dc converters follows the format shown in the example below.



The first 12 characters comprise the base part number and the last 3 characters indicate available options. The "-G" suffix indicates 6/6 RoHS compliance.

Application Notes

A variety of application notes and technical white papers can be downloaded in pdf format from our **Website**.

RoHS Compliance: The EU led RoHS (Restriction of Hazardous Substances) Directive bans the use of Lead, Cadmium, Hexavalent Chromium, Mercury, Polybrominated Biphenyls (PBB), and Polybrominated Diphenyl Ether (PBDE) in Electrical and Electronic Equipment. This SynQor product is 6/6 RoHS compliant. For more information please refer to SynQor's RoHS addendum available at our RoHS Compliance / Lead Free Initiative web page or e-mail us at rohs@synqor.com.

Contact SynQor for further information:

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Web:	www.synqor.com
Address:	155 Swanson Road
	Boxborough, MA 01719
	USA

ORDERING INFORMATION

The tables below show the valid model numbers and ordering options for converters in this product family. When ordering SynQor converters, please ensure that you use the complete 15 character part number consisting of the 12 character base part number and the additional characters for options. Add "-G" to the model number for 6/6 RoHS compliance.

Model Number	Input Voltage	Output Voltage	Max Output Current	
IQ32050HZw5 <mark>0xyz</mark>	9-75 V	5.0 V	50 A	
IQ32120HZw21xyz	9-75 V	12 V	21 A	
IQ32150HZw17xyz	9-75 V	15 V	17 A	
IQ32240HZw10xyz	9-75 V	24 V	10 A	
IQ32 <mark>280</mark> HZw09xyz	9-75 V	28 V	9 A	
IQ32400HZw06xyz	9-75 V	40 V	6 A	
IQ32500HZw05xyz	9-75 V	50 V	5 A	

The following options must be included in place of the **w** x y z spaces in the model numbers listed above.

Options Description						
Thermal Design	Enable Logic	Pin Style	Feature Set			
C - Encased D - Encased with Non-Threaded Baseplate V - Encased with Flanged Baseplate	N - Negative		A - Standard F - Full-Feature			

Not all combinations make valid part numbers, please contact SynQor for availability. See the Product Summary web page for more options.

PATENTS

SynQor holds the following U.S. patents, one or more of which apply to each product listed in this document. Additional patent applications may be pending or filed in the future.

5,999,417	6,222,742	6,545,890	6,577,109	6,594,159	6,731,520	6,894,468
6,896,526	6,927,987	7,050,309	7,072,190	7,085,146	7,119,524	7,269,034
7,272,021	7,272,023	7,558,083	7,564,702	7,765,687	7,787,261	8,023,290

Warranty

SynQor offers a two (2) year limited warranty. Complete warranty information is listed on our website or is available upon request from SynQor.

Information furnished by SynQor is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, no responsibility is assumed by SynQor for its use, nor for any infringements of patents or other rights of third parties which may result from its use. No license is granted by implication or otherwise under any patent or patent rights of SynQor.